
2013 TurboTax Home And Business

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Bradshaw & Jazlyn

INTRODUCTION TO TURBOTAX HOME AND BUSINESS 2013

For small business owners, freelancers, and independent contractors, tax season often feels like a high-wire act. In 2013, Intuit's **TurboTax Home and Business** emerged as a trusted ally, offering a tailored solution that bridged the gap between personal tax returns and the complexities of self-employment income. This edition was specifically

designed for individuals who needed to file both a personal return (Form 1040) and a business schedule, such as Schedule C for sole proprietors or Schedule E for rental property owners. By combining the robust question-based interview of the Deluxe version with dedicated business guidance, TurboTax Home and Business 2013 helped users navigate the intricacies of deductions, credits, and compliance without hiring a pricey accountant. Even years later, it remains a benchmark for how tax

software can simplify the lives of entrepreneurs.

This article takes a deep dive into the features, benefits, and practical tips for using the **2013 TurboTax Home and Business** edition. Whether you're revisiting an old filing or curious about how this software shaped modern tax preparation, you'll find comprehensive insights that highlight why this version was so highly regarded.

KEY FEATURES OF TURBOTAX HOME AND BUSINESS 2013

Dedicated Small

Business Guidance

One of the standout elements of TurboTax Home and Business 2013 was its ability to walk users through business-specific topics like inventory valuation, home office deductions, vehicle expenses (via standard mileage rate or actual costs), and self-employment tax calculations. The software used plain language questions to determine eligibility for deductions and credits, reducing the chance of missing valuable write-offs. It also included a comprehensive "Deduction Finder" that scanned your entries for overlooked tax breaks.

Schedule C, E, and F Support

This edition covered the most common small business forms:

- **Schedule C** – Profit or Loss from Business (Sole Proprietorship)
- **Schedule E** – Supplemental Income and Loss (Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Estates, Trusts, etc.)
- **Schedule F** – Profit or Loss from Farming

TurboTax Home and Business 2013 also handled agricultural

related income and expenses for farmers and ranchers, making it a versatile choice beyond standard freelancers.

Asset Depreciation and Section 179

For business owners who purchased equipment, vehicles, or machinery in 2013, the software provided step-by-step depreciation calculations, including bonus depreciation and Section 179 expensing. This was particularly valuable given the 50% bonus depreciation rules in effect that

year. The software automatically determined the best method to maximize your deduction.

Rental Property Managem ent

Landlords benefited from the ability to track rental income, expenses, and depreciation for multiple properties. TurboTax Home and Business 2013 allowed users to enter property details such as purchase price, land value, and improvements, then computed the correct depreciation deduction over the standard 27.5-year recovery period.

WHO SHOULD USE THIS EDITION?

TurboTax Home and Business 2013 was aimed at a specific audience: individuals who had both a standard W-2 job (or investment income) and a side business, full-time sole proprietorship, or rental real estate. If you were a freelancer, consultant, gig worker (Uber, Etsy, etc.), or owned a small LLC taxed as a sole proprietorship, this edition gave you all the tools needed. However, if your business was a corporation (S Corp or C Corp) or a partnership requiring more complex filing, Intuit recommended the more advanced *TurboTax Business* edition, which handled separate corporate

returns.

For the typical independent contractor, the 2013 version was a perfect fit, as it included built-in guidance on self-employment tax (15.3% in 2013) and the 1040-ES estimated tax payment tracking. It even helped users determine if they needed to file quarterly estimated payments.

STEP-BY-STEP TAX FILING WITH TURBOTAX 2013

Getting Started

After installing the software (or using the online version), users were prompted to import last year's return from a previous TurboTax version or

enter their personal information manually. The interview began with basic questions about marital status, dependents, and income sources – a standard flow for any TurboTax edition.

Entering Business Income and Expenses

For business owners, the software branched into a dedicated “Business” section. Here, you could enter your business name, industry code (NAICS), and accounting method (cash vs. accrual). The interface asked about gross

receipts, cost of goods sold (if applicable), and then guided you through every major expense category:

- Advertising
- Car and truck expenses
- Commissions and fees
- Contract labor
- Depreciation and Section 179
- Insurance (other than health)
- Interest: mortgage and other
- Legal and professional services
- Office expenses
- Rent or lease (vehicles, machinery, equipment, other business property)
- Repairs and maintenance
- Supplies
- Taxes and

licenses

- Travel, meals, and entertainment
- Utilities
- Wages
- Other expenses

One of the most helpful features was the real-time deduction meter, which showed your estimated total savings as you filled in each category. This visual reinforcement kept users motivated to find every legitimate deduction.

Handling the Home Office Deductio

n

TurboTax Home and Business 2013 included the simplified home office deduction option (which debuted in 2013 tax year) alongside the traditional method. The simplified method allowed a flat \$5 per square foot deduction up to 300 square feet (maximum \$1,500). The software explained the qualifications and helped users choose the method that yielded the larger deduction.

Final Review and E-

Filing

After completing the interview, the software ran a “Final Review” check for errors, missing information, and audit triggers. It also provided an “Audit Risk Meter” – a unique feature at the time that estimated your likelihood of being audited based on your reported numbers. If the risk was high, the software suggested additional documentation. Finally, users could e-file both the federal and state returns directly from the program.

SUPPORTED TAX FORMS AND SCHEDULES

The 2013 edition covered virtually every form needed for a combined personal and

business return:

1. **Form 1040** – U.S. Individual Income Tax Return
2. **Schedule A** – Itemized Deductions
3. **Schedule B** – Interest and Ordinary Dividends
4. **Schedule C** – Profit or Loss from Business
5. **Schedule D** – Capital Gains and Losses
6. **Schedule E** – Supplemental Income and Loss
7. **Schedule F** – Profit or Loss from Farming
8. **Schedule SE** – Self-Employment Tax
9. **Form 4562** – Depreciation and Amortization
10. **Form 4797** – Sales of Business

Property

11. **Form 8829** – Expenses for Business Use of Your Home
12. **Form 8582** – Passive Activity Loss Limitations
13. **Form 8606** – Nondeductible IRAs
14. **Form 8863** – Education Credits

This comprehensive coverage meant that most self-employed individuals, landlords, and farmers could complete their entire federal and state return without needing additional software or services.

PRICING AND VALUE FOR MONEY

In 2013, the desktop CD/download version of TurboTax Home and Business typically retailed for around

\$79.99 to \$89.99 (plus state filing fees, which were usually around \$36.99 per state). The online version was comparably priced. Compared to hiring a CPA (which could cost \$200–\$600 for a simple Schedule C), the software offered substantial savings. Additionally, Intuit frequently offered promotions, such as a free federal e-file and discounted state filing for early buyers.

For users who had more than one state return or needed to import data from QuickBooks, the software seamlessly integrated with Intuit's ecosystem. The value proposition was clear: do-it-yourself tax preparation with professional-level guidance at a fraction of the cost.

PROS AND CONS OF THE 2013 VERSION

Pros

- **User-friendly interview:** The question-based format made it easy for even first-time small business filers.
- **Comprehensive deduction support:** The software uncovered credits and deductions that many taxpayers would have missed on their own.
- **Audit support:** The Audit Risk Meter and the option to add Audit Defense (for an extra fee) provided peace

- of mind.
- **Accuracy guarantee:** Intuit offered a 100% calculation accuracy guarantee and a maximum refund guarantee.
- **Time-saving import features:** Users could import W-2s from participating employers and last year's data from previous TurboTax versions.
- returns requiring Form 1065. Users with these entities needed the more expensive *TurboTax Business* edition.
- **State filing costs:** Each state return had an additional fee, which could add up for multi-state filers.
- **Online vs. desktop:** The online version required a stable internet connection, and some users preferred the desktop version for offline work and data security.
- **Not ideal for very complex returns:** If you had multiple businesses,

Cons

- **Limited to simpler business structures:** It could not handle corporate returns (S Corp or C Corp) or partnership

rental properties, and investment partnerships, the software could become cumbersome, though it still managed most scenarios.

TIPS FOR MAXIMIZING DEDUCTIONS WITH TURBOTAX HOME AND BUSINESS 2013

Even with great software, understanding the tax code can save you thousands. Here are actionable tips for getting the most out of your 2013 TurboTax Home and Business experience:

- **Keep impeccable records:** Before

entering data, gather all receipts, mileage logs, and invoices. The software can only maximize deductions if you have accurate numbers.

- **Use the simplified home office deduction:** For 2013, the simplified method was ideal for smaller offices with low actual expenses. Run both methods in the software (if available) to see which yields a larger deduction.
- **Don't forget health insurance premiums:** In